Epistle of Jude—Handout #7

v. 7—where do we find the story of Sodom and Gomorrah?
   From Gen 18:16, 13:10 and 19:25, they belong to __________
   How many cities were in this region? (Gen 14:2) ___; so-called ____________
   Where were they located? (Gen 14:3)

“they in the same way as these”
   Who? (v. 6)
   What?
   From what term/phrase? (Gen 19:5)
   Angel visitors to Sodom and Gomorrah called ____________ (Gen 19:5, 10, 12)
   Thus, _______ (Gen 19:4) of Sodom and Gomorrah desire ________________

Problem?

To what then does “they in the same way as these” refer? (v. 6 and also v. 5)

“strange flesh” (literally σαρκος έτερας = “flesh other/flesh different”)
   “Other” or “different” from what?

“immorality”

1 Cor. 6:9-11

Consequence (Jude 7)—
Summary: “same as these” (in cumulative fashion)

Israel (v. 5)—

Angels (v. 6)—

Sodom and Gomorrah (v. 7)—

Unfolding progression in eschatological severity:

v. 5—
v. 6—
v. 7—

How are vv. 5-7 epexegetical of “turn the grace of God into licentiousness” (v. 4)?

Love for the sinner.
As one great Furnace flam’d, yet from those flames
No light, but rather darkness visible
(Cf. Job 10:22—“A land of darkness . . . and of the shadow of death . . . where the light is as darkness,” KJV)

Hell as “eternal bonds under darkness” (Jude 6) as well as “eternal fire” (Jude 7)

Jesus Christ on Hell:

- Mt 5:22; 18:9—
- Mk 9:43-44—
- Mt 18:8; 25:41—
- Mt 25:46—
- Mt 8:12; 22:13; 25:30—

What fire lights this place of darkness?
What darkness shadows this place of fire?

Is God present in Hell?

Location of Hell:

Atmosphere of Hell:

Sensations of Hell:

Fellowship/friendship in Hell:

Duration of Hell:

All black flame
All fiery darkness
Flames lightless
Darkness visible
Death living