LIFE OF JEREMIAH—HANDOUT #17

Jeremiah 22

Overall Narrative

v. 10—“dead” one vs. “one who goes” “never return” vs. “away”

v. 11—________ vs. ____________ __________ vs. ________

Date:
Event:
Why?
Where?
King how long?
Successor?
Control of nation shifts →

v. 18—________________________ “not lament”

Date:
Event:
Why?
Where?
King how long?
Successor?
Control of nation shifts →

v. 24—________________________ “another country” (v. 26)

Date:
Event:
Why?
Where?
King how long?
Successor?
Control of nation shifts →

The last four kings of Judah have two (or more) names:

1. (1 Chr 3:15) and (2 Kg 23:30)
2. (2 Kg 23:34) and (1 Chr 3:15)
3. (Jer 22:24) and (2 Kg 24:8)
4. (2 Kg 24:17) and (2 Kg 24:17)

Why?
Archaeological confirmation

Babylonian Chronicle

In year 7, in the month Kislev (November 598 B.C.), the king of Akkad (Babylon) (______________) mustered his troops and marched to Hatti-land (Syria-Palestine) and besieged the city of Judah (______________). On the second day of the month Adar (March 16, 597 B.C.), he seized the city and captured the king (______________). He appointed a king of his choice (______________), took spoil and brought it to Babylon.

Babylonian Ration Tablet (592 B.C.)

To Ya’u-kinu (______________), king [of Yahudu] (______________)
2 ½ sila (3 ¾ pints) [of oil] for the five sons of the king of Yahudu
(cf. 2 Kg 25:27-30, esp. 29-30; also Jer. 52:31-34)

Suggested Structure

1—Thus says the Lord
3—Thus says the Lord
5—declares the Lord
6—Thus says the Lord
11—Thus says the Lord
16—declares the Lord
18—Thus says the Lord
24—declares the Lord
30—Thus says the Lord
29—Hear the Word of the Lord

Josiah dies in the _______
Shallum/Jehoahaz shall never see the _______ ________
Jehoiakim dies in the _________
Coniah/Jehoiachin/Jeconiah will never see the _______ _______
Zedekiah dies in ______________
v. 2—who is the “king of Judah”?
    Tsid-qiy-yahu (Hebrew) =

v. 10—who is the “dead one”?
   who is the “one who goes away”?

v. 18—who will they “not lament”?

v. 26—who goes to “another country”?

23:6—Tsid-qe-nu (Hebrew) =
   who is the “Lord our righteousness”

v. 2 echoes ?

NB: 21:11—“house of the king of Judah”
   21:12—“administer justice”
   22:1—“house of the king of Judah”
   22:3—“do justice and righteousness”

v. 13—What does this king do?
    How does he do it?
    “without pay” = corvée labor

v. 17—“dishonest gain . . . extortion” (cf. 2 Kgs 23:35)

v. 20—“lovers” ?

v. 21—chain of denial
    not __________
    not serve (2:20)
    not gone after Baal (2:23)
    not sinned (2:23)
    not walk in God’s ways (6:16)
    not willing (6:17)
    not repent (5:3; 15:7)

v. 22—“shepherds”
    Failures in personal character
    in political leadership
    in religious devotion
    in economic honesty
    in cultural morality
    in integrity